

Version 1

Revision Date 03/17/2009

Print Date 01/03/2011

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name

: Acetone (BDH1101-4LG, BDH1101-1LP, BDH1101-4LP,

BDH1101-204L, BDH1101-19L)

MSDS Number

000000011657

Product Use Description

Solvent

Manufacturer

Honeywell

1953 South Harvey Street Muskegon, MI 49442

Manufactured for

: VWR International LLC

1310 Goshen Parkway West Chester, PA 19380

For more information call

: (Monday-Friday, 8.00am-5:00pm)

1-800-932-5000

In case of emergency call

: (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

1-800-424-9300(USA Only)

For Transportation Emergencies:

1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC - Domestic) 1-613-966-6666 (CANUTEC - Canada)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Form

: liquid, clear

Color

: colourless

Odor

: sweet mint-like

Hazard Summary

: Extremely flammable. In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. May cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract. May irritate skin. The product may be absorbed through the skin. Repeated

exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Potential Health Effects



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Skin	 May cause skin irritation. May cause systemic poisoning withose of inhalation. Prolonged or repeated skin condefatting resulting in drying, red 	tact with liquid may cause
Eyes	: Irritating to eyes. Causes itching, burning, rednes May cause corneal injury.	s and tearing.
Ingestion	 Aspiration hazard if swallowed - damage. May cause irritation of the gastre May cause systemic poisoning those of inhalation. 	ointestinal tract.
Inhalation	 Causes respiratory tract irritation Causes headache, drowsiness of nervous system. Inhalation of high vapour concert depression and narcosis. 	or other effects to the central
Chronic Exposure	Causes headache, drowsiness of nervous system. Prolonged or repeated skin contidefatting resulting in drying, red	tact with liquid may cause
Aggravated Medical Condition	: Skin disorders Eye disorders Cardiac irregularities	
Target Organs	: Eyes Skin Respiratory system Central nervous system Heart	

Carcinogenicity

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component CAS-No. Weight %

Material Safety Data Sheet



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Acetone

67-64-1

100.00

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Use oxygen as required, provided a qualified operator is present. Call a physician.

Skin contact

: Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Take off contaminated clothing and shoes

immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Call a

physician.

Eye contact

: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

Ingestion

: Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Call a physician.

Notes to physician

Treatment

: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point

: -20 °C (-4 °F)

closed cup

Ignition temperature

: 465 °C (869 °F)

Lower explosion limit

: 2.5 %(V)

Upper explosion limit

: 13 %(V)

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Dry chemical

Foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety

: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.



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reasons

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Extremely flammable.

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may travel to areas away from work site before

igniting/flashing back to vapor source.

In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be

produced such as: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

: Wear personal protective equipment. Unprotected persons

must be kept away.

Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Do not swallow.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Prevent product from entering drains.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Methods for cleaning up

: Ventilate the area.

No sparking tools should be used. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth

and place in container for disposal according to local

regulations (see section 13).

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Handling

: Wear personal protective equipment.

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Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep container tightly closed.

Do not smoke. Do not swallow.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

: Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning

transfer operations.

Use explosion-proof equipment.

Keep product and empty container away from heat and

sources of ignition.

No sparking tools should be used.

No smoking.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Store in area designed for storage of flammable liquids.

Protect from physical damage.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Keep away from direct sunlight.

Store away from incompatible substances.

Container hazardous when empty.

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or

expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Protective measures

: Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to

the workstation location.

Engineering measures

: Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Prevent vapor buildup by providing adequate ventilation during

and after use.

Eye protection

: Do not wear contact lenses.

Wear as appropriate:

Safety glasses with side-shields If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

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Goggles or face shield, giving complete protection to eyes

Hand protection : Solvent-resistant gloves

Gloves must be inspected prior to use.

Replace when worn.

Skin and body protection : Wear as appropriate:

Solvent-resistant apron and boots

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing

If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Protective suit

Respiratory protection : In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an

approved filter.

For rescue and maintenance work in storage tanks use self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection.

Hygiene measures : When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after

handling the product.

Keep working clothes separately.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Do not swallow.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Exposure Guidelines

Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH	TWA	500 ppm
		ACGIH	STEL	750 ppm
		NIOSH	REL	250 ppm 590 mg/m3
		OSHA Z1	PEL	1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m3
		OSHA Z1A	TWA	750 ppm 1,800 mg/m3
		OSHA Z1A	STEL	1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m3
		US CA OEL	TWA PEL	500 ppm 1,200 mg/m3
		US CA OEL	Ceiling	3,000 ppm
		US CA OEL	STEL	750 ppm 1,780 mg/m3

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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form

: liquid, clear

Color

: colourless

Odor

: sweet mint-like

Molecular Weight

: 58.05 g/mol

рН

: not applicable

Melting point/range

: -94.8 °C (-138.6 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range

: 56 °C (133 °F)

Vapor pressure

: 240 hPa

at 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative vapour density

: 2.0

(Air = 1.0)

Density

: 0.79 g/cm3

Water solubility

: completely soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: POW: 0.58

log Pow: -0.24

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid

: Heat, flames and sparks.

Keep away from direct sunlight.

Materials to avoid

: Acids Aldehydes Alkalies Amines Ammonia

Oxidizing agents Reducing agents Chlorine compounds

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Hazardous decomposition

products

: In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be

produced such as: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous reactions

: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Stable under normal conditions.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 rat

Dose: 5,800 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 guinea pig

Dose: > 7,426 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

: LC50 rat

Dose: 32000 ppm Exposure time: 4 h

Skin irritation

: rabbit

Exposure time: 24 h Mild skin irritation

Eye irritation

: rabbit

irritating

Repeated dose toxicity

: rat 8-Week Inhalation Toxicity Study, 5 days/week for 8

weeks, Slightly reduced weight gain compared to controls

NOEL: 19000 ppm

Repeated dose toxicity

: rat 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study, increased liver and kidney

weights, NOEL 100mg/kg/d

Repeated dose toxicity

rat 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study, increased liver and kidney

weights, LOEL (Lowest observable effect level)

500mg/kg/d

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION



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Toxicity to fish

LC50

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Dose: 5,540 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to fish

LC50

Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Dose: 8,300 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and

: LC50

other aquatic invertebrates.

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Dose: 10 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Information: Observe all Federal, State, and Local Environmental regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN-Number

: 1090

Proper shipping name

: Acetone

Class

3

Packing group

11

Hazard Label

3

IATA

UN Number

: 1090

Description of the goods

: Acetone

Class

: 3

Packaging group

: 11

Hazard Label

: 3

Packing instruction (cargo

: 307

aircraft)

Packing instruction

: 305

(passenger aircraft)

: Y305

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)

IMDG

Substance No.

Description of the goods

: UN 1090 : Acetone

Class

Packaging group

: 11

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Hazard Label **EmS Number** Marine pollutant

: F-E : no

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Inventories

EU. EINECS

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

US. Toxic Substances Control Act

: On TSCA Inventory

Australia, Industrial

Chemical (Notification and

Assessment) Act

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Canada. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL). (Can. Gaz. Part II, Vol. 133) : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL list.

Japan. Kashin-Hou Law

List

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Korea. Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL) List : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Philippines. The Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Waste Control Act

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

China. Inventory of Existing

Chemical Substances

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory CH INV - Switzerland

NZIOC - New Zealand : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

National regulatory information

US. Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Listed Precursor and Essential

: On the United States Drug Enforcement Authority (DEA) List of

Precursors and Essential Chemicals



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Chemicals (21 CFR 1310)

: Acetone

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SARA 311/312 Hazards

: Fire Hazard

Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard

CERCLA Reportable

Quantity

: 5000 lbs

California Prop. 65

: This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of

California to cause cancer, birth, or any other reproductive

defects.

Massachusetts RTK

: Acetone

67-64-1

New Jersey RTK

: Acetone

67-64-1

Pennsylvania RTK

: Acetone

67-64-1

WHMIS Classification

: B2

D2B

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria

of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information

required by the CPR.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Health Hazard : 2* 1
Flammability : 3 3
Physical Hazard : 0
Instability : 0

Further information

* - Chronic health hazard

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