

Problem 2

Given: Power cycle at steady state with a thermal efficiency of 38%. The work done is 100 MW, and $T_c = 70^\circ\text{F}$, $T_H = 900^\circ\text{F}$

Determine: - The rate at which energy is discharged to the cooling water
- The minimum theoretical rate at which energy is discharged to the cooling water for the same work output

$$\eta = \frac{\dot{w}_{\text{cycle}}}{\dot{Q}_H} \quad 0.38 = \frac{100 \text{ MW}}{\dot{Q}_H} \quad \dot{Q}_H = 263.16 \text{ MW}$$

$$\dot{Q}_H = \dot{w}_{\text{cycle}} + \dot{Q}_C$$

$$263.16 \text{ MW} = 100 \text{ MW} + \dot{Q}_C$$

$$\boxed{\dot{Q}_C = 163.16 \text{ MW}}$$

$$\eta = \eta_{\max} = 1 - \frac{T_c}{T_H}$$

$$\frac{\dot{W}_{\text{cycle}}}{\dot{Q}_H} = 1 - \frac{T_c}{T_H}$$

$$\frac{100 \text{ MW}}{\dot{Q}_H} = 1 - \frac{530^\circ \text{R}}{1360^\circ \text{R}} = 0.61$$

$$\dot{Q}_H = 164 \text{ MW}$$

$$\dot{Q}_H = \dot{W}_{\text{cycle}} + \dot{Q}_c$$

$$164 \text{ MW} = 100 \text{ MW} + \dot{Q}_c$$

$$\dot{Q}_c = 64 \text{ MW}$$