

2.9

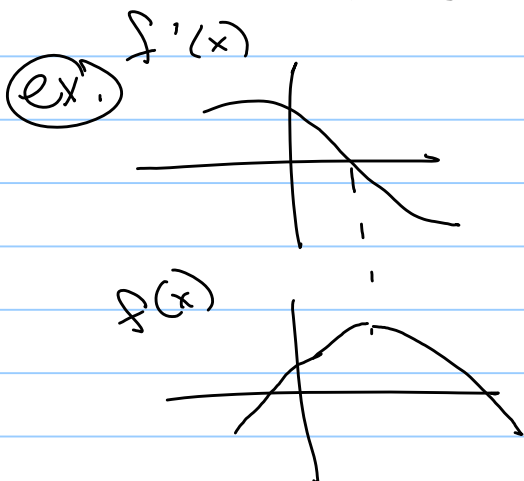
Note Title

8/7/2007

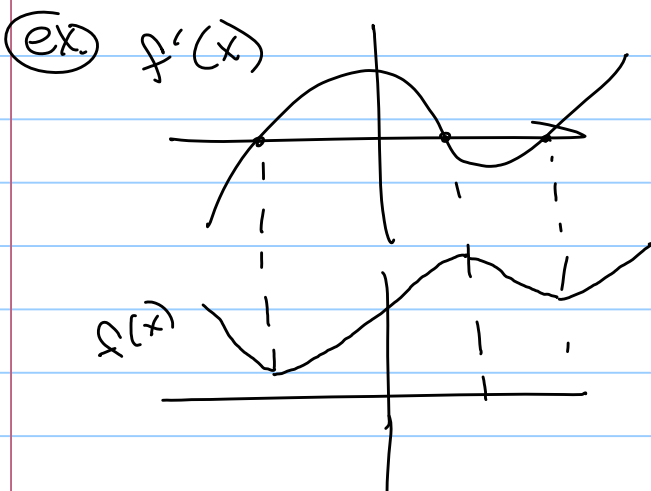
What does f' say about f ?

if $f'(x) > 0$ on an interval then f is increasing on that interval

if $f'(x) < 0$ on an interval then f is decreasing on that interval



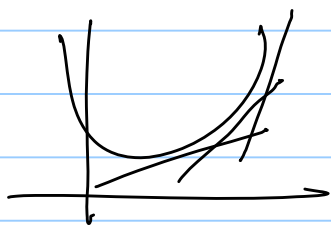
When $f'(x) = 0$ $f(x)$ has a local min or max



What does f'' say about f ?

If $f''(x)$ is positive $\Rightarrow f'(x)$ is increasing
 \Rightarrow slopes of tangent lines of $f(x)$
increase from left to right

(ex.)



$$f''(x) > 0$$

tangent



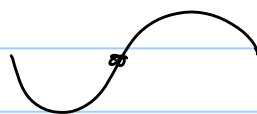
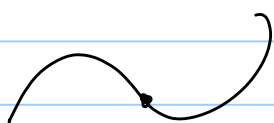
$$f''(x) < 0$$

tangent

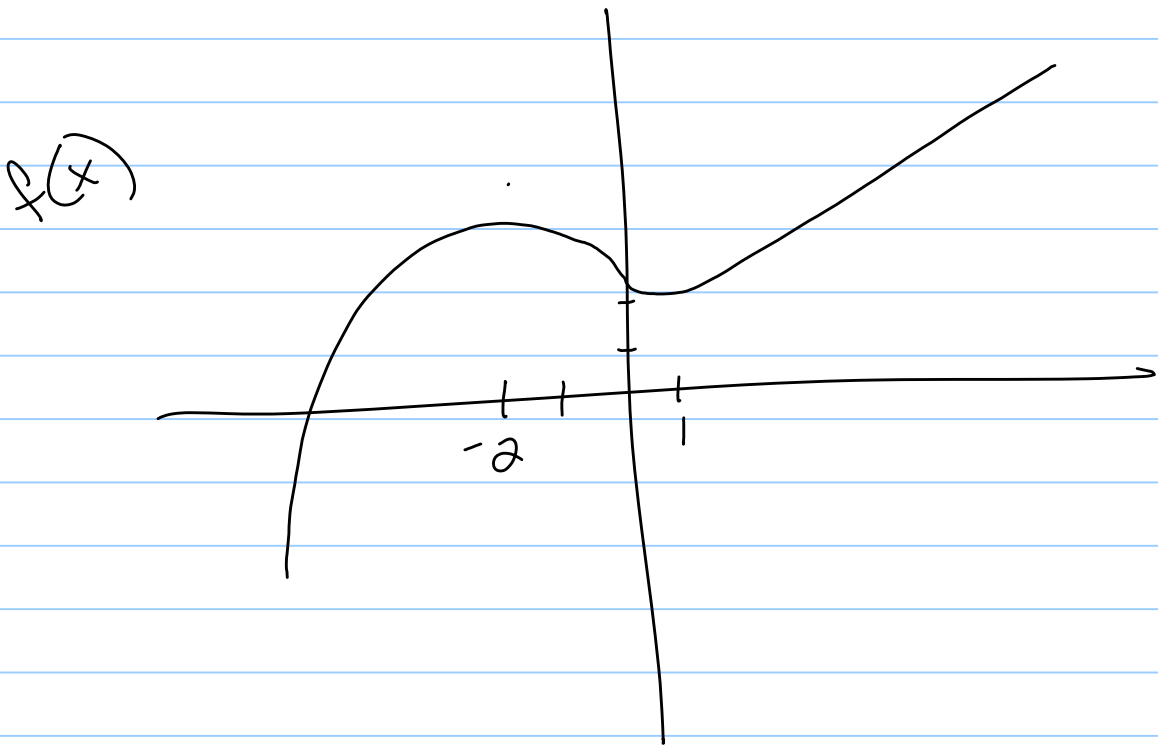
if $f''(x) > 0$ on an interval then f is
concave up on that interval.

if $f''(x) < 0$ on an interval then f is
concave down on that interval.

Inflection point - where graph switches
from concave up to concave down
(or vice versa)



(ex.) Sketch a possible graph of $f(x)$
 $f'(x) > 0$ when $x < -2$ or $x > 1$
 $f''(x) < 0$ when $x < 1$



Antiderivatives

"undo" derivative. I give you essentially $f'(x)$ and ask you questions about $f(x)$